# DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY FOR EXCHANGE STUDENTS

Name of the course in	English	PSYCHOPATHOLOGY
	Polish	PSYCHOPATOLOGIA

### 1. LOCATION OF THE COURSE OF STUDY WITHIN THE SYSTEM OF STUDIES

1.1 Field of study	PSYCHOLOGY
1.2 Level of study	5 years Master Studies

#### 2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

2.1 Language of instruction	English
2.2 Semesters in which the course of study is offered	4 (Summer)
2.3 ECTS credits	5

#### 3. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COURSE OF STUDY

3.1. Form of classes	Lectures
3.2. Form of assessment	Examine

## 4. OBJECTIVES, SYLLABUS CONTENT

## 4.1. Course objectives

- **C1.** Providing knowledge about the specificity and essence of psychopathological processes and their impact on human behaviour and functioning.
- **C2.** Developing skills in the use of knowledge about psychopathological processes to explain the real difficulties and psychological problems of a person manifesting disorders.
- **C3.** Shaping appropriate attitudes of students and their understanding people manifesting different behaviours resulting from the presence of disorders.

## 4.2. Detailed syllabus

- 5. Introduction: psychopathology as a field of knowledge and practice, relations between psychopathology and behavioral medicine, clinical psychology and psychiatry.
- 6. Theoretical foundations of psychopathology: concepts and models of health and pathology, holistic view of health.
- 7. Psychological concepts of the formation of mental disorders. Classifications of mental disorders:
  - a. ICD
  - b. DSM.
- 8. General and specific psychopathology:
  - a. Symptom
  - b. Syndrome
  - c. Nosological unit.
- 9. Consciousness disorders:
  - a. Quantitative: somnolentia, sopor, coma
  - b. Qualitative: delirium, obnibulatio, amentia.
- 10. Perception disorders:
  - a. Quantitative: depersonalisation, derealisation, déjà vu, déjà vècu, jamais vu, jamais vècu, macropsy, micropsy, dysmegalopsy
  - b. Qualitative: illusions, hallucinations
  - c. The complexity and the senses criteria.
- 11. Memory disorders: hypomnesia, hypermnesia, amnesia (retorgrada, anterograda, congrada), paramnesia, allomnesia, pseudomnesia.
- 12. Thinking disorders: delusiones, obsessiones, mythomania (pseudologia phantastica), tachyphrenia, bradyphrenia, dissociatio, verbigeratio, perseveratio, stereotypia.
- 13. Disorders of volition and psychomotor drive: hypobulia, abulia, hyperbulia, actiones impulsivae.
- 14. Organic (including symptomatic) mental disorders.
- 15. Mental and behavioural disorders due to psychoactive substance use.
- 16. Schizophrenia, schizotypal and delusional disorders.
- 17. Neurotic, stress-related and somatoform disorders.
- 18. Anxiety disorders: panic disorder, slow flowing anxiety, obsessive-compulsive disorder. Psychological concepts of the formation of anxiety.
- 19. Mood (affective) disorders: depression, bipolar disorder. Psychological concepts of the formation of depression.
- 20. Neurotic, stress-related and somatoform disorders.

- 21. Suicidal Behavior: Suicide attempts, committed suicides.
- 22. Disorders of adult personality and behaviour.
- 23. Mental retardation.
- 24. Disorders of psychological development.
- 25. Behavioural and emotional disorders with onset usually occurring in childhood and adolescence.26. Basic causes of mental disorders: biological, psychological, environmental factors, interactive model.